

AUSTRALIA'S FOREIGN RELATIONS (STATE AND TERRITORY ARRANGEMENTS) ACT 2020

FACT SHEET 4 – AUSTRALIAN UNIVERSITIES 1

Australia's Foreign Relations (State and Territory Arrangements) Act 2020 (the Act) fosters a systematic and consistent approach to foreign engagement across all levels of Australian government. It creates a scheme to ensure that arrangements between State or Territory governments and foreign government entities do not adversely affect Australia's foreign relations and are not inconsistent with Australia's foreign policy.

This Fact Sheet should be read with 'Fact Sheet 1—Overview' and 'Fact Sheet 5 — Exemptions'

In what circumstances are Australian universities covered by the scheme?

The Foreign Arrangements Scheme (the scheme) only applies to **Australian public universities** when they enter an arrangement with a foreign government or a foreign university that lacks institutional autonomy.

The scheme does not apply to Australian private universities. **Australian private universities are encouraged to be transparent** about arrangements with foreign entities by publishing information about those arrangements on their website. Australian private universities can also seek advice from the Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade (DFAT) on the foreign policy implications of potential arrangements before entering them.

What counts as a 'foreign government'?

Under the Act, a foreign government includes a foreign national or sub-national government (including a department, agency or other public authority of that government).

Some foreign tertiary education institutions, such as government military academies, would be considered part of the foreign government.

When are university-to-university arrangements covered?

A **university-to-university arrangement** is not within scope unless the arrangement is between an Australian public university and:

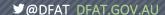
- a foreign tertiary education institution that is a part of a foreign government (eg, a government military academy), or
- a foreign university that lacks institutional autonomy because it is substantially under the control of a foreign government.

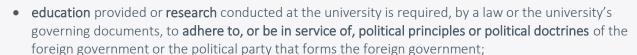
When would a foreign university lack institutional autonomy?

A foreign university does not have institutional autonomy when it is substantially under the control of a foreign government.

A foreign university is taken to be substantially under the control of a foreign government only if one or more of the following applies:

• a majority of the members of the university's governing body are required, by a law or the university's governing documents, to be members or part of the political party that forms the foreign government;





and/or the university's academic staff are required, by a law or the university's governing documents, to
adhere to, or be in service of, political principles or doctrines of the foreign government or the political
party that forms the foreign government, in their teaching, research, discussions, publications or public
commentary.

The vast majority of foreign universities do not meet these criteria. Universities with similar levels of institutional autonomy to Australian universities (eg, Members of the Russell Group of universities in the United Kingdom) do not meet these criteria. Accordingly, arrangements between these universities and Australian public universities do not need to be notified.

What about minor logistical or administrative arrangements?

Under Australia's Foreign Relations (State and Territory Arrangements) Rules 2020 (the rules), certain arrangements are exempt from being notified where they deal solely with minor administrative or logistical matters.

This is the case, for example, where an Australian public university enters an arrangement with a foreign government or a foreign university that does not have institutional autonomy but the arrangement deals only with flights, accommodation, submission of paperwork, visa applications, or the timing of conference sessions.

Similarly, where an Australian public university varies an existing arrangement without altering its substance (e.g. by changing the number of students involved in a student exchange), that variation is exempted for the requirement to notify. Further detail is in **Fact Sheet 5**.

What does the scheme do?

An Australian public university is only required to notify the Minister (via the online portal) about arrangements within the scope of the scheme, unless they are exempted from notification by the rules.

The scheme applies to prospective arrangements, as well as arrangements already in operation.

Further detail is in Fact Sheet 1.

How will I comply with obligations under the scheme?

The Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade is responsible for administering the scheme.

Obligations under the scheme are met via an online portal that enables States and Territories to make notifications to the Minister.

Where can I get further information?

Contact the Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade at foreignarrangements@dfat.gov.au

ⁱ * This FACT SHEET sets out some of the requirements of the Australia's Foreign Relations (State and Territory Arrangements) Act 2020. It is not intended to be comprehensive and should not be relied on as a definitive interpretation of the Act. It is also not intended as legal advice. Readers should rely on the substantive provisions of the Act as enacted by Parliament, and any applicable rules, in assessing their obligations and seek independent legal advice.